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DEC 0 4 2002

GROUP 3600

Peter Gibson, Reg. #34,605 6316 Greenspring Ave., #307 Baltimore, Maryland 21209

Commissioner of Patents Washington, D.C. 20231

Re. Application No. 09/543,764 Art Unit: 3625

Examiner: James Zurita

December 3 200

Dear Sir/Madam,

Following please find the following materials associated with the above identified application for patent:

I. Letter of Transmittal on:

1 sheet;

- II. 'Applicant's Response to the Second Non-Final Office Action' including:
 - A. Acknowledgment of Action (pages 1 13);
 - B. Errors in Examination (pages 13 19);
 - C. Claim Language Distinguishing Over the Prior Art (pages 20 & 21);
 - D. Submission of Evidence Overcoming Grounds of Rejection (pages 22 24),
 - E. Summary and Request for Allowance (pages 24 27) on:

27 sheets;

III. 'Petition to Commission Under 37 CFR § 1.181(c)

from Second Office Action' including:

- A. Request for Reconsideration;
- B. Repeated Action By Examiner;
- C. Evidence of Inadequate Supervision;
- D. Abrogation of Right to Appeal;
- E. Summary and Request for Allowance on:

6 sheets;

Total: 34 sheets.

Please file the above described materials in the above identified application for patent. Thank you kindly for your service.

Respectfully yours,

Peter Gibson, Reg. #34,605; Ph. 410/358-5912; Fax -9636

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

1	Α.	ACKNOWLEDGMENT OF ACTION DEC 0 4 2002 Response to Amendment GROUP 3600
2	73.	Response to Amendment GROUP 3600
		Response to Amendment GROUP 3600
3	1.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges examiner's statements that:
4	a.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges examiner's statements that: "claims 1-30" were rejected in the first Office action dated 15 January 2002" "applicant amended claims 1-4, 6, 10, 16, 24, 34, and deleted claim 5";
5	b.	"applicant amended claims 1-4, 6, 10, 16, 24, 34, and deleted claim 5";
6	c.	"applicant changed several terms" in these claims by amendment";
7	d.	"Applicant's arguments with respect to amended claims 1-4, 6, 10, 16, 24 and 34 have
8		been fully considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection";
9	e.	"Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 7-9, 11-15, 17-23 and 25-33 have been
10		fully considered but they are not persuasive";
11	f.	"Claims 1-4, 6-34 remain and will be examined." (Page 2)
12		
13		Response to Arguments
14	2.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statements that "applicant argues
15	that":	
16	. a.	"Rejection (as obvious) is rendered moot by Examiner admission that Distributor
17		Roles 'does not disclose ordering, production, packing and delivery of liquid
18		coatings";
19	b.	"His invention is non-obvious and is (distinguished over the) prior art by (restriction
20		to) 'containerized liquid coating products' which are wholly absent from the
21		reference cited in the rejection"; (page 2)
22	C.	"The patentable novelty presented by the present claims in view of the prior art is a
23		method for 'the direct supply for containerized liquid coating product by a supplier

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1		remote from a customer";
2	d.	"Since claims are limited to containerized liquid coating products, they are patentable
3		over prior art". (page 3)
4		
5	3.	Applicant respectfully and gratefully acknowledges Examiner's admission that
6	"Exar	niner agrees that Distributor Roles does not mention liquid coatings." (Page 3)
7		
8	4.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's citation of In re Keller, (CCPA
9	1981)	. (page 3)
10		
11	5.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement that: "Applicant argues
12	that E	examiner's statements constitute support of non-obviousness of his invention". (page
13	3)	
14		
15	6.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement that: "Reconstructions are
16	based	upon hindsight reasoning", and are proper so long as "knowledge gleaned only from
17	the ap	plicant's disclosure" is excluded, with citation of In re Laughlin (CCPA 1971). (pages
18	3 - 4)	
19		
20	7.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement that: "the term unexpected
21	result	s does not appear in the application". (page 4)
22		

23

8.

Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement that "Applicant's

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APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

1	argun	nents fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b)". (page 4)
2		
3	9.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement that "Applicant argues
4	that":	
5	a.	"No valid teaching or suggestion has been given for combining or modifying the
6		teachings of Distributor Roles";
7	b.	"Examiner's statement that 'hardware stores and home improvement retailers sell a
8		variety of products including paints and other liquid coatings' is unsupportive of
9		rejection";
10	c.	"Examiner's statements in support of obviousness rejection are only general
11		references, speculation and conjecture, and"
12	d.	"Examiner has failed to present evidence that prior art discloses, suggests or
13		otherwise renders the invention obvious". (Page 5)
14		
15	10.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement: "that obviousness can
16	only l	be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the
17	claim	ed invention". (Page 5)
18		
19	11.	Applicant respectfully recites in full Examiner's "basis for the rejections that follow":
20		
21		Distributor Roles discloses an Internet order, production, fulfillment and
22		delivery system for home improvement products. It is well known that home
23		improvement products include liquid coating products. Distributor roles
24		suggests that combining electronic commerce and home improvement products
25		may affect role of retailers and distributors in the industry. The suggestion to

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combine Distributor Roles with generally known information exists in Distributor Roles. The motivation for combining is provided in motivation statements related to each of the claims.

system and business method as applied to home improvement and building

products. The system accepts customized orders from customers. Customer

orders trigger assembly in a production system line to fulfill product order

according to customer specifications. The orders are packaged in suitable

containers and delivered directly from suppliers to customers, bypassing

retailers and wholesalers in a supply chain. Distributor Roles suggests an

improvement store and includes disclosure concerning special orders and

Lowe's Superstore discloses a home

Distributor Roles teaches a direct supply electronic commerce order

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increased role for distributors.

liquid coatings such as paints. (Page 6)

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 12. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's "quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action". (page 6)
- 13. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 1 4 and 6 34 "under 35 U.S.C. 103(a)." (Page 7)

23

- 24 14. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 1 4 and 6 "as
- being unpatentable over a publication entitled Web Ordering May Alter Role of Distributors.
- 26 ... (Distributor Roles), in view of an article entitled Lowe's Launches New Superstore in N.E.
- 27 Dallas, TX (hereinafter Lowe's Superstore), published on 10 February 1998 on PR
- Newswire." (Page 7)

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Art Unit: **3625**

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- 15. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement: "(a)s per claim 1, Distributor Roles discloses electronic business methods where customer may order customized products from a supplier who may ship the products directly to customer" and Examiner's statement that "(t)he steps include:" the same steps, (a) (g), recited in the first Office action in verbatim recitation from claim 1 as originally filed except as noted by parenthetical omissions and underlined additions as indicated below:
 - (a) placing by at least one consumer of a customer order directly with a remote supplier specifying customer order information [including indication of at least one liquid coating base, a color, a quantity, delivery address and identification of the customer];
 - (b) entering [said] customer order information into a customer order subsystem comprised of software maintained on a computer;
 - (c) compiling [said] customer order information with a computer and processing the results of this compilation to yield production parameters;
 - (d) operating, in observance of [said] production parameters yielded by [said] the production subsystem, [a containerized liquid coating production line capable of producing a plurality of particular, non-standard, color containerized liquid coatings with a precision in the addition of colorant to liquid coating base superior to the precision readily obtainable by a conventional local retailer];
 - (e) assembling containerized [liquid] coating product resulting from said production line fulfilling at least one individual customer order and packaging the resulting assemblage as required for shipment;
 - (f) transporting each [said] assemblage of [containerized liquid coating] product fulfilling each said customer order to the delivery address specified by the consumer in placing the customer order;
 - (g) whereby each said consumer obtains delivery of containerized liquid coating product directly to a specified address [which may be inclusive of particular, non-standard, colors of superior consistency with regard to color without need for the addition of colorant and by a local retailer to standard volume containers of liquid coating product]. (pages 7 8)

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16. Applicant respectfully recites in full Examiner's support of the above assertion regarding the disclosure of a portion of all the steps of the present claim 1 as originally filed with passages repeated from the first Office action emphasized in bold italics:

In Distributor Roles, See at least page 3, The future that's already here, describing placing orders for home improvement products, including customized products, entering customer order information into a customer order subsystem comprised of software maintained on a computer. See also at least references to special order, page 2, paragraph 8. For operating a production line, see at least page 3, line 2, which describes product assembly. See also at least page 3, paragraph 4, describing drop-shipment. See also at

least page 4, Delivering the Goods. See rejection of claims 21, 22, 26-28, below, for discussion of integration of customer order, production and other sub-systems in client/server environment. See applicant's prior art disclosures concerning production lines, at least on pages 4-6 and 7-8 of application.

Customers may order home improvement products on the Internet, by entering data and product details (page 3, paragraph 12). See at least page 3, paragraph 5, which describes that even the bulkiest home improvement products may be ordered and ultimately delivered. See also at least page 3, paragraph 1, which describes that orders may be taken electronically and

products are shipped directly from manufacturers to consumers. Distributor Roles also describes that orders may be processed for many product lines

(page 2, paragraph 10) of many manufacturers. (Pages 8 - 9)

17. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's speculation regarding 'containerization' beginning with the sentence: "Like all liquids, liquid coating products such as paint require containerization." (Page 9) and ending with: "Collapsible plastic containers would most likely weigh less than rigid walled plastic containers, and cost less to deliver."

30 (Page 10)

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

1	18.	Applicant respectfully, humbly, gratefully acknowledges and takes Official notice of				
2	Exar	Examiner's admission that: "Distributor Roles does not specifically disclose ordering,				
3	prod	fuction, packaging and delivery of liquid coating products." (Page 10)				
4	•	7. 0 0				
	10	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument immediately following the				
5	19.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument infinediatery for owing the				
6	abov	above admission that:				
7						
8		Lowe's Superstore discloses that home improvement retailers (e.g., HOME				
9		DEPOT, LOWE's) sell over 40,000 related home improvement products.				
10		including special order, custom products such as custom paints.				
11		Therefore, it would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art				
12		at the time the invention was made to disclose ordering, production, packaging				
13		and delivery of liquid coatings. One of ordinary skill would have been				
14		motivated to include ordering, production, packaging and delivery of liquid				
15		coatings for the obvious reason that liquid coatings are another type of product				
16		that is in great demand by customers for home improvements and for home				
17		building. Liquid coatings are often delivered to construction sites and				
18		customer addresses (drop shipments). (Page 10)				
19						
20						
21	20.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's speculation immediately following				
22	the a	bove cited passage:				
23						
24		Very large orders may be shipped, Builders may also request large orders				
25		deliverable via railroad, trucks, and other shipment methods Distributors				
26		can provide their customers with economic benefits associated with just-in-				
27		time inventory, which reduces inventory costs to customers. (Pages 10 - 11)				

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21. Applicant respectfully and gratefully acknowledges Examiner's admission that:

Distributor Roles and Lowes Superstore do not specifically disclose that liquid coating products may be containerized in rigid metal paint cans (as in claim 2), or that rigid metal paint cans may be partially filled (as in claim 3), or that liquid coating products may be containerized in molded plastic expansible containers (claim 4) or that molded plastic expansible container may possess a collar about an aperture which collar is gripped during operation of said production line (claim 6). (page 11)

22. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument immediately following the admission recited directly above: "Prior art disclosed by applicant shows that liquid coating products, such as paint, may be containerized in rigid metal paint cans" and "Partial filling of a container produces savings in several areas, such as (a) manufacturing and (b) delivery." (Page 11)

23. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's speculation beginning with: "In manufacturing, manufacturers and distributors can save money when they acquiring materials" (page 11) and ending with "(t)his translates into reduced storage costs for the party placing the order." (Page 12)

24. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's statement, immediately following the speculation referenced directly above, that: "Therefore, it would have been obvious ... to disclose that liquid coating products may be held in rigid metal paint cans which may be partially filled and in molded plastic expansible containers which possess a collar about an

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

aperture whose collar is gripped during operation of the production line." (Page 12)

25. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument in support of the statement recited directly above that one of ordinary skill:

would have been motivated to disclose that liquid product may be containerized in rigid meal cans, and in molded plastic expansible container, that the rigid metal paint cans may be partially filled and that the exapansible containers possess a collar about an aperture whose collar is gripped during operation of the production line for the obvious reason manufacturers and customers want to reduce the costs incurred to engage in business. (Pages 12-13)

26. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 7 - 10 "under U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Distributor Roles* in view of *Lowe's Superstore*" because, although "*Distributor Roles* and *Lowe's Superstore do not* provide details concerning how packages and shipments are specifically labeled" (page 13) these references "disclose customer ordering, shipping and delivery of home improvement products" and "it would have been obvious ... to apply product identification features to shipments of liquid coating home improvement products" (page 14) "for the obvious reason that doing so allows containers of liquid coating home improvement products to become part of the normal stream of commerce." (page 15).

27. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 1. - 16: "under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over *Distributor Roles* in view of *Lowe's Superstore*

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

and disclosed prior art" because "Distributor Roles and Lowe's Superstore disclose that home improvement products, including paints, may be sold from a manufacturer to distributor(s) as well as to customer(s)." (Page 15)

28. Applicant respectfully and gratefully acknowledges Examiner's admission that:

Distributor Roles and Lowe's Superstore do not state that operating a production line may include addition of blended liquid coating base ... or that blended liquid coating base may be obtained from a manufacturer ... or that one may use a pipeline ... or the method would include a step to identify the type of liquid coating base added upon the container (claim 14), or that the operation of a liquid coating production line includes the addition of colorant to a blended liquid coating-base (claim 15), or that the method would include a step of identifying the name of the color resulting from the colorant added upon the container (claim 16). (page 16)

29. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument immediately following the admission recited directly above:

Applicant discloses prior art for production lines for liquid coating products (see at least application, page 4, through page 6, and pages 7-8).

Therefore, it would have been obvious ... to disclose that manufacturers

may ship liquid home improvement products directly to distributors and customers in 55-gallon barrels or railroad tank cars ... to describe that the liquid product is transferred from a manufacturer's container to a tank for dispensing said liquid ... to include steps for identifying the type of liquid coating base added upon the container (claim 14), adding colorant to the blended coating base (claim 15) and identifying the resulting color (claim 16)

(Pages 16 - 17)

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because: "(o)ne of ordinary skill ... wold have been motivated to disclose that manufacturers 1 may ... for the obvious reason that bulk purchases from a manufacturer is known to lower the 2 overall costs of producing goods" and "raw materials must be integrated into a manufacturing 3 process". (page 17) 4 5 Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 17 - 20 and 23 -30. 6 25 "under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Distributor Roles in view of Lowe's 7 Superstore." because "(o)ne of ordinary skill ... would have been motivated to combine the 8 teachings ... for the obvious reason that liquid coatings are an integral part of home 9 improvement products." (Page 18) 10 11 Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 21, 22, and 26 -31. 12 28 "under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Distributor Roles in view of Lowe's 13 Superstore." (Page 19) 14 15 Applicant respectfully and gratefully acknowledges Examiner's admission that: 16 32. "Distributor Roles and Lowe's Superstore do not specifically disclose configurations for 17 distributing a production and a customer order subsystems". (page 20) 18 19 Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's rejection of claims 29 - 34 "under 20 33. 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Distributor Roles in view of Lowe's Superstore 21 and further in view of an article entitled 'Welcome Homes on the Virginia Beach Tour - Visit 22 a premier colonial revival-style home, painstakingly built and restored', '(Colonial 23

Application No. 09/543,764

Art Unit: 3625

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Restoration by Ann Wright" (page 20).

34. Applicant respectfully and gratefully acknowledges Examiner's admission that:

Distributor Roles and Lowe's Superstore do not specifically describe details such as identification of a plurality of particular, custom colors nor where assisting in the selection of a liquid coating product includes liquid based characteristics nor selection of liquid coating product appropriate to a given job as defined by information input by the customer, nor recommending a liquid coating base nor calculating volume for a given application as defined by customer input, nor that assistance in the selection of liquid coating product includes the suggestion of at least one particular, custom color based upon digital input by said customer, said digital input including but not limited to digital video input, digital photograph and digital modeling input. (Page 21)

discloses paint customization and matching for historical restorations (including) the use of custom colors for formulas that are no longer in production", that "one of ordinary skill in the art would have been motivated to include" (claims 29 - 34) "for the obvious reason that these are normal considerations when selecting liquid coating product bases and colors (page 22) and "(o)ne of ordinary skill in the art would have known to include steps to facilitate customer selections and include requirement characteristics that would facilitate selection of custom colors, base, volume, among others." (Page 23)

36. Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's argument, repeated verbatim from the first Office action, that "(o)ne of ordinary skill in the art would have known that since

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continued

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1	custo	customers have specific needs, a web site might also include means for a customer to input		
2	digit	digital video, digital photograph as well as digital solid modeling." (Page 23)		
3				
4	37.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's final argument, repeated verbating		
5	from	rom the first Office action that:		
6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13		(o)ne of ordinary skill in the art would know that (CAD/CAM) systems have been widely used in industry for several decades (and t)hus, it would have obvious (sic) to include similar technology in the design of web sites for selection of custom liquid coating products for home improvement and for other uses (because b)y doing so, a manufacturer will increase customer satisfaction, resulting in additional sales and increased profits. (Page 23)		
14				
15		Conclusion		
16	38.	Applicant respectfully acknowledges Examiner's direction of inquiry to his office		
17	prov	provision of telephone number for the same, Examiner's supervisor, and 'organization		
18	facsi	mile transmission.		
19				
20				
21	В.	ERRORS IN EXAMINATION		
22		Response to Amendment		
23	1.	Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in stating that 'claims 1-30'		
24	(A.1	(A.1.a. above), were rejected in the first Office action as all original claims 1 - 34 wer		
25	rejec	rejected therein.		

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i	2.	Applicant respectfully sublines that Examiner was in error in stating that Applicant		
2	argu	arguments with respect to amended claims 1-4, 6, 10, 16, 24 and 34 are moot in view of		
3	the n	the new ground(s) of rejection', (A.1.d. above), because:		
4	a.	the only new ground of rejection conveyed by the second Office action is comprised		
5		of Colonial Restoration which is relied upon in rejection only of claims 29 - 34 under		
6		35 U.S.C. 103(a) (SOA, page 20);		
7	b.	'Applicant's arguments with respect to amended claims' simply submitted evidence		
8		i.e. Amendment A, overcoming the grounds of objection/rejection under 35 U.S.C		
9		112 as agreed upon in personal interview 3 April 2002:		
10		i. "Claim(s) discussed: paragraph 112 rejections";		
11		ii. "Agreement with respect to the claims f) was reached";		
12		and recorded by Examiner in written summary of the same:		
13		iii. "paragraph 112 objections discussed, overcome, application (sic) will file		
14		formal amdt and response; other 112 problems, will advise Mr. Gibson";		
15	c.	'Claims 1-4, 6-34 remain and will be examined', (A.1.f. above), and no other		
16		rejection of 'claims 1-4, 6, 10, 16, 24 and 34' is referenced prior to this recognition		
17		that claims 1 - 4 and 6 - 34 'remain and will be examined'; and		
18	there	ore the 'arguments' regarding § 112 rejections were persuasive and cannot be deemed		
19	moot	in view of new grounds of rejection unconcerned with either § 112 or claims 1 - 4, 6,		
20	10, 1	5 and 24.		
21				

22

23

arguments with respect to claims 7-9, 11-15, 17-23 and 25-33' (A.1. e. above) were 'not

Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in stating that 'Applicant's

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

persuasive' because 'Claims 1-4, 6-34 remain and will be examined' (A. l.f. above), all these claims were rejected in the first Office action, and unless Applicant's arguments were persuasive these claims would not now remain to be examined.

4. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in stating that reconstructions based on hindsight reasoning are proper so long as 'knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure' is excluded (A.6. above) because:

it is entirely improper to ask whether the invention 'is' or 'would be' obvious; the question is whether it 'would have been obvious'. The judge now knows all about the invention; he must determine whether it would have been obvious to those who knew only about the prior art.³³ He must view the prior art without reading into it the patents's teachings.³⁴ And although the person skilled in the art is presumed to know the art - indeed, he is pictured as working in his shop with the art hanging on the walls around him - the art in question is only that which he would have selected without the advantage of hindsight or knowledge of the invention.³⁵ ... Hindsight is a tempting but forbidden zone" (Robert L. Harmon, Patents and the Federal Circuit, 2nd Edition, The Bureau of National Affairs Inc., Washington, D.C., 1991, pages 77-8, referencing:

³³Panduit Corp. v. Dennison Mfg. Co., 774 F.2d 1082, 227 USPQ 337 (Fed. Cir. 1985); Rosemount, Inc. v. Beckman Instruments, Inc., 727 F.2d 1540, 221 USPQ 1 (Fed. Cir. 1984).

³⁴Vandenberg v. Dairy Equip. Co., 740 F.2d 1560, 224 USPQ 195 (Fed. Cir. 1984); Kansas Jack Inc. v. Kuhn, 719 F.2d 1144, 219 USPQ 857 (Fed. Cir. 1983).

³⁵Loctite Corp. v. Ultraseal Ltd., 781 F.2d 861, 228 USPQ 90 (Fed. Cir. 1985).

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continued

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- 5. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in citing the lack of the term 'unexpected results' in the present application (A.7. above) as grounds for rebuttal of Applicant's arguments that "paint is *priced* according to units comprised only by full containers and therefore the alteration in pricing enabled by internet ordering of liquid coating product produces an unexpected result" (SOA page 4) as use of this term in the application is neither necessary nor relevant in deciding whether certain results obtained from the claimed invention are unexpected in view of the prior art.
- 6. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in stating that 'Applicant's arguments fail to comply with 37 CFR 1.111(b)', (A.8. above), because Applicant most certainly did specify, in the language of the claims, the distinctions patentably distinguishing the presently claimed invention over the prior art in written reply to the first Office action:
 - 3. Applicant respectfully submits, in accordance with 37 CFR 1.11(b), that the language of present base claim 1 patentably distinguishes the presently claimed invention over the prior art cited in the first Office action by restricting said invention to "containerized liquid coating product" including a plurality of elements each specific to "containerized liquid coating product" which are wholly absent from the reference cited in rejection. (Page 21)
- 7. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in stating that new grounds for rejection of claim 1 were presented in the second Office action because:
- a. Distributor Roles & Lowe's were relied upon in rejection of claim 1 in the first Office action: "Besides liquid coatings, hardware stores and home improvement retailers (e.g., HOME DEPOT, LOWE's) often sell the following products" (FOA, page 8);

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

- b. only *Distributor Roles* and *Lowe's* are relied upon in rejection of claim 1 in the second Office action;
- the same specific grounds, in at least six instances identified by emphasis with bold italics in the passage cited above in A.16, from the first Office action are relied upon in present rejection of claim 1.
- 8. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in relying upon speculation as grounds for attributing presently claimed limitations regarding containerization to the prior art. (A.17. above)

- 9. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in finding motivation for a combination of prior art in 'great demand by customers', (A.19. above), as this argument necessarily constitutes, and is supported only by, speculation (A.20. above).
 - 10. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in asserting that 'Partial filling of a container produces savings in several areas, such as (a) manufacturing and (b) delivery', (A.22. above) because only two areas are identified, not several, and both of the areas identified necessarily rely upon full containers for economic efficiency: partial filling of a container simply cannot produce savings in either manufacturing or delivery in comparison with full containers.
 - 11. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in attributing partial filling of rigid metal paint cans and use of expansible molded plastic containers to the prior art 'for

APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

the obvious reason manufacturers and customers want to reduce the costs incurred to engage in business' (A.26. above) because this is merely speculation, without any identified teaching or suggestion by the prior art.

12.. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in attributing the application of 'product identification features to shipments of liquid coating home improvement products' to the prior art 'for the obvious reason that doing so allows containers of liquid coating home improvement product to become part of the normal stream of commerce', (A.26. above), because this is, again, merely speculation without any identified teaching or suggestion by prior art.

13. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in attributing the claim limitations expressed in present claims 14 - 16 to the prior art 'for the obvious reason that bulk purchases from a manufacturer is known to lower the overall costs of producing goods' and 'raw materials must be integrated into a manufacturing process' (A.29. above) because the question of what was known in the prior art, not what is known from applicant's disclosure, is not addressed as indicated by the failure of Examiner to identify any teaching or suggestion in the prior art of said limitations and use of present tense.

14. Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner was in error in predicating the 'unpatentability' of claims 17 - 20 and 23 - 25 'over *Distributor Roles* in view of *Lowe's Superstore*' upon the premise that 'one of ordinary skill ... would have been motivated to combine the teachings ... for the obvious reason that liquid coatings are an integral part of

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1	home	improvement products' (A.30. above) because:
2	a.	the 'obvious reason', or fact, that liquid coating comprises an integral home
3		improvement product is not a teaching or suggestion for combination of references
4		and provides no motivation to combine any teachings;
5	b.	in lieu of any prior art teaching or suggestion the combination must be assumed to
6		derive from the present disclosure by Applicant as "(o)bviousness cannot be
7		predicated on what is unknown" (Robert L. Harmon, Patents and the Federal Circuit,
8		2 nd Edition, The Bureau of National Affairs Inc., Washington, D.C., 1991, page 92,
9		in reference to In re Newell, 891 F.2d 899, 13 USPQ2d 1248 (Fed. Cir. 1989); and
10	c.	"The teaching or suggestion to make the claimed combination and the reasonable
11		expectation of success must both be found in the prior art and not based on
12		applicant's disclosure. In re Vaeck' (MPEP 706.02(j)).
13		
14	15.	Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner erred in using hindsight of Applicant's
15	disclo	sure as clearly indicated by use of the present tense with regard to knowledge of one
16	skilled	I in the art in support of rejection: 'one of ordinary skill in the art would know that
17	(CAD	/CAM) system (because) a manufacturer will increase customer satisfaction' (A.37.
18	above) thereby.
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C. CLAIM LANGUAGE DISTINGUISHING OVER THE PRIOR ART

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- 2 1. Applicant respectfully submits that the following steps, in the language of present 3 base claim 1, patentably distinguish the presently claimed invention over the prior art:
 - a. placing by at least one consumer of a customer order directly with a remote supplier specifying customer order information including indication of at least one liquid coating base, a color, a quantity, delivery address and identification of the customer:
 - b. operating, in observance of said production parameters yielded by said production subsystem, a containerized liquid coating production line capable of producing a plurality of particular, custom, color containerized liquid coatings with a precision in the addition of colorant to liquid coating base exceeding the precision readily obtainable by a conventional local retailer;
- 12 c. assembling containerized liquid coating product resulting from said production line 13 fulfilling at least one individual customer order and packaging the resulting 14 assemblage as required for shipment;
- transporting each said assemblage of containerized liquid coating product fulfilling each said customer order to the delivery address specified by the consumer in placing the customer order;
- 2. Applicant respectfully submits in support of the submission made immediately above.
 and in accordance with the basic rules set forth in *Graham v. Deere Co.*, that the prior art does not disclose, teach, or suggest:
- 22 a. 'placing ... of a customer order directly with a remote supplier specifying ... at least 23 one liquid coating base, a color, a quantity, delivery address and identification of the

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customer' because while the prior art discloses placing a customer order directly with a remote supplier, (Distributor Roles), the prior art is restricted in its disclosure in this regard by the lack of any mention of liquid coatings and hence the prior art can not teach or suggest specifying 'liquid coating base' in placing such an order; 'operating, ... a containerized liquid coating production line capable of producing a plurality of particular, custom, color containerized liquid coatings with ... the addition of colorant to liquid coating base' because while the prior art discloses the availability of particular, custom, color containerized liquid coatings, (Lowe's Superstores, Colonial Restoration), a 'production line capable of producing' these custom coatings is wholly unknown in the prior art and hence there is no possibility of teaching or suggesting the operating of any production line inclusive of 'the addition of colorant to liquid coating base' in order to produce custom color liquid coatings; 'assembling containerized liquid coating product resulting from said production line fulfilling at least one individual customer order' because the prior art does not disclose, suggest, or teach either 'said production line' or a customer order placed directly with a remote supplier specifying 'liquid coating base'; 'transporting ... containerized liquid coating product fulfilling each said customer order to the delivery address specified by the consumer in placing the customer order' because the prior art does not disclose placing customer orders 'directly with a remote supplier' for 'containerized liquid coating product' and hence cannot teach or suggest transporting such product to a 'delivery address specified by the consumer in placing the customer order'.

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1	D.	SUB	MISSION OF EVIDENCE OVERCOMING GROUNDS OF REJECTION			
2			§ 112 Objections & Rejections			
3	1.	Appl	icant respectfully submits that Examiner agreed that the amendment proposed			
4	duri	during personal interview 3 April 2002 met all § 112 objections and rejections conveyed in				
5	the i	the first Office action, that no § 112 objections or rejections were conveyed in the second				
6	Offi	Office action, and therefore all outstanding objections and rejections under 35 U.S.C. 112				
7	have	have been overcome by Amendment A as filed in reply to the first Office action.				
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9			§ 103 Rejection			
10	2.	Appl	icant respectfully submits that each of the four separate steps in the method of			
11	the	the presently claimed invention, demonstrated in C.1.a d. & C.2.a d. above to be				
12	undi	undisclosed, untaught, and unsuggested by the prior art, comprise, in the language of sole				
13	base	claim	1, grounds overcoming all outstanding rejection under 35 U.S.C. 103.			
14						
15	3.	Appl	icant respectfully submits:			
16	a.	in su	mmary of the:			
17		iii.	known prior art,			
18		ii.	claimed invention, and			
19		iii.	differences between the two;			
20	c.	that t	the known prior art is inclusive of:			
21		i.	computer network systems providing for the expansion of the role of			
22			distributors,			
23			continued			

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1		ii. home improvement centers selling containerized liquid coating product, and		
2		iii. custom blending of liquid coating product;		
3	C.	but there is no mention of:		
4		i. containerized liquid product, custom or otherwise, in expanding the role of		
5		distributors,		
6		ii. a production system capable of producing particular, custom, color liquic		
7		coating product with the addition of colorant to liquid coating base by any		
8		home improvement center or any other custom blended liquid coating product		
9		provider; and hence		
10	d.	there is no teaching or suggestion in the known prior art of fulfilling customer orders		
11		for containerized liquid coating product, inclusive of a particular, custom, color, by		
12		a remote supplier using a production system that is unknown to the prior art; and		
13	e.	the claimed invention's delivery of containerized liquid coating product made by a		
14		remote production system adding colorant to liquid base capable of producing a		
15		plurality of particular, custom, colors directly to a customer in fulfillment of an order		
16		which may include a particular, custom, color, constitutes a previously unknown		
17		untaught, unsuggested and hence novel capability patentably distinguishing the		
18		presently claimed invention over the prior art.		
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20	4.	Applicant respectfully submits that Examiner has necessarily made improper use of		
21	hind	sight of Applicant's disclosure in combining prior art in reconstruction of the presently		
22	clair	claimed invention because there is no mention of any production system adding colorant		

liquid base capable of producing a plurality of particular, custom, colors: it is simply

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- unknown to the prior art, and "(o)bviousness cannot be predicated on what is unknown"
- 2 (Robert L. Harmon, Patents and the Federal Circuit, 2nd Edition, The Bureau of National
- Affairs Inc., Washington, D.C., 1991, page 92, in reference to In re Newell, 891 F.2d 899,
- 4 13 USPQ2d 1248 (Fed. Cir. 1989).

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E. SUMMARY AND REQUEST FOR ALLOWANCE

1. Applicant respectfully submits that the present response has been timely filed.

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9 2. Applicant respectfully submits that all grounds of outstanding objection or rejection under 35 U.S.C. 112 have been overcome by Amendment A.

- 3. Applicant respectfully submits that all grounds of outstanding rejection under 35
- U.S.C. 103 have been overcome by:
- 14 a. the demonstration above that four steps of present claim 1 are undisclosed, untaught,
- and unsuggested by the prior art, that each step, in the language of said base claim,
- patentably distinguishes the presently claimed invention over the known prior art;
- b. Graham v. Deere analysis: there is no suggestion in the prior art of fulfilling customer
- orders for containerized liquid coating product by a remote supplier using a
- production system adding colorant to liquid base capable of producing custom colors;
- 20 c. the demonstration above that hindsight of Applicant's disclosure is necessary for the
- 21 combination of prior art reconstructing the presently claimed invention because there
- is no suggestion of any production system adding colorant to liquid base capable of
- producing a plurality of particular, custom, colors.

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4. Applicant respectfully submits that: 1 the present application for patent was filed with a petition under MPEP 708.02 VIII 2 a. for accelerated examination based upon a full and proper search; 3 the first Office action was dated over 21 months from the filing date and the second b. 4 Office action was dated over six months from the filing date of Applicant's Response 5 to the first Office action; 6 said petition has been ignored in both content, i.e. discussion of prior art pertinent to 7 c. examination to, and intent, i.e. acceleration of, the current examination; 8 the second Office action contains at least fifteen errors, identified in B. 1. - 15. above, d. 9 including error with regard to: the content of the previous Office action, prior art 10 relied upon in rejection conveyed by the first Office action, the content of the 11 Summary of the Interview, effect of Applicant's amendment, use of hindsight of 12 Applicant's disclosure in reconstructing the claimed invention from the prior art, use 13 of present tense in arguing obviousness; 14 the second Office action is a repetition of the first Office action with regard to the 15 e. basic argument, the grounds of rejection utilized for base claim 1, and all other claims 16 except claims 29 - 34 for which a reference disclosing use of custom paints was added 17 to the same argument presented in the first Office action; 18 "Under present practice, second or any subsequent actions on the merits shall be final, f. 19 except where the examiner introduces a new ground of rejection that is neither 20 necessitated by applicant's amendment of the claims nor based on information 21 submitted in an information disclosure statement" (MPEP 706.07(a); 22

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1	g.	the second Office action was not made final and the only 'new' ground of rejection,
2		Colonial Restoration, was relied upon in rejection only for claims 29 - 34; and
3	there	fore Applicant's rights to timely examination have been denied, Applicant's right to
4	appe	al any rejection repeated and properly made final has been abrogated, Applicant's
5	argur	ments, presented in petition and response to Office action, have been ignored.
6		
7	5.	Applicant respectfully submits that the present Response comprises:
8	a.	"a writing which distinctly and specifically points out the supposed errors in the
9		examiner's action" which replies "to every ground of objection and rejection in the
10		prior Office action" and "presents arguments pointing out the specific distinctions
11		believed to render the claims patentable over any applied references";
12	b.	"a bona fide attempt to advance the application to final action" by further
13		"specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes
14		them from the references"; and
15	henc	e is in full accordance with 37 CFR 1.111(b) with regard to being entitled to
16	recor	nsideration upon request following a non-final Office action conveying rejection.
17		
18	6.	Applicant respectfully submits that all the grounds of all objections and rejections
19	have	been overcome, the presently claimed invention has been patentably distinguished over
20	the p	rior art, and that the present application is in full and proper condition for allowance.
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APPLICANT'S RESPONSE TO SECOND NON-FINAL OFFICE ACTION

- 7. Applicant respectfully requests reconsideration, and for all the reasons given above, more specifically respectfully and humbly requests allowance of all pending claims.
- 4 Respectfully yours,

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